AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 23, 2008 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 1, 2008

SENATE BILL

No. 1629

Introduced by Senator Steinberg

(Principal coauthor: Senator Romero)

(Principal coauthor: Assembly Member Jones) (Coauthors: Assembly Members Nunez and Arambula Arambula, Huffman, Laird, and Nunez)

February 22, 2008

An act to add Article 14.5 (commencing with Section 8300) to Chapter 2 of Part 6 of Division 1 of Title 1 of the Education Code, relating to state preschool programs.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1629, as amended, Steinberg. State preschool programs: Early Learning Quality Improvement System Commission.

Existing law requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to administer state preschool programs, including part-day and preschool appropriate programs for prekindergarten children 3 to 5 years of age, inclusive, in educational development, health services, social services, nutritional services, parent education and participation, evaluation, and staff development.

This bill would establish the Early Learning Quality Improvement System Commission to develop a framework for improving program quality and a graduated funding framework that identifies necessary resources. The commission would consist of 18 members. The commission would be required to develop the policy and plan for an Early Learning Quality Improvement System, and would be required to submit a report on its recommendations to the Legislature and the

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Governor by December 31, 2009. The bill would require the State Department of Education to provide staff to support the commission, and would require the commission Superintendent to apply to the California Children and Families Commission for funding to cover costs. The bill would specify that the Early Learning Quality Improvement System may be phased in to the extent at the discretion of the Legislature as funds are made available. The bill would become operative only if AB 2759 of the 2008–09 Regular Session of the Legislature is enacted and becomes effective on or before January 1, 2009.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the 2 following:
 - (a) Learning begins at the earliest stages of life and research shows that preschool is a proven investment in the academic success of children and their success later in life. A high-quality preschool system would benefit California children, the state's systems of public and higher education, its families and students, and its economy overall.
 - (b) Effective preschool provides eager young learners with early academic and social skills that prepare them for later learning. Developing these skills requires developmentally appropriate, intentional instruction from skilled teachers.
 - (c) Unfortunately, too many children are turned away from preschool, and the children who lack access to preschool are disproportionately children of color, children whose home language is not English, and children whose parents did not graduate from high school. Research has shown that only one-half of all eligible children in California are enrolled in a state preschool or the federal Head Start program.
 - (d) Currently, California's preschool programs consist of both state and federally funded programs for the provision of part-day and full-day preschool and child care.
- 23 (e) According to the National Institute of Early Education 24 Research, California's state preschool programs meet only four of 25 10 benchmarks for quality preschool. A vast body of research

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shows that only high-quality preschool results in the child outcomes and cost-benefits cost benefits widely attributed to preschool.

- (f) The myriad of state child development programs that serve children 3 to 5 years of age, inclusive, are unnecessarily complex; programs are not rewarded or given enough support to achieve the high-quality learning environments that our most disadvantaged children need and deserve.
- (g) In order to take full advantage of the integral role that a quality preschool system plays in helping prepare children for school, which would benefit the state's most vulnerable pupils and children from low-income families, including English language learners, California must create a more coherent and efficient publicly funded preschool program and lay the groundwork for high quality. Consolidating and streamlining the state's preschool program within existing revenues and expenditures and creating a system that rewards programs that provide higher quality learning environments would greatly increase California's ability to bridge the achievement gap.
- (h) Making the necessary investments to expand the state's preschool system while the state faces a budget shortfall will be difficult, but important steps can be taken now to put in place the framework for a high-quality prekindergarten system upon which future expansion can be built.
- SEC. 2. It is the intent of the Legislature to establish the Early Learning Quality Improvement System Commission to develop a framework for improving program quality and a graduated funding framework that identifies the necessary resources for programs to achieve and maintain higher quality, and the support and opportunity for teachers to reach higher levels of education.
- SEC. 3. Article 14.5 (commencing with Section 8300) is added to Chapter 2 of Part 6 of Division 1 of Title 1 of the Education Code, to read:

Article 14.5. Early Learning Quality Improvement System Commission

8300. (a) The Early Learning Quality Improvement System Commission is hereby established in the state government. The commission shall consist of 18 members as follows:

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1 (1) The Superintendent of Public Instruction, who shall chair 2 and convene the commission, or his or her designee.

- (2) The Secretary of Education or his or her designee.
- (3) The President pro Tempore of the Senate or his or her designee.
 - (4) The Speaker of the Assembly or his or her designee.
- (5) The Chair Chairperson of the California Children and Families Commission or his or her designee.
- (6) The University of California Office of the President President of the University of California or his or her designee.
- (7) The Chancellor of the California State University or his or her designee.
- (8) The Chancellor of the California Community College system or his or her designee.
- (9) The Chair Chairperson of the California Commission on Teacher Credentialing or his or her designee.
- (10) The Director of *the Department of* Social Services or his or her designee.
- (11) The Governor shall appoint one representative from each of the following communities, and the Speaker of the Assembly and President pro Tempore of the Senate shall collaborate in appointing one representative from each of the following communities:
- (A) Early care and education.
 - (B) The K-12 public school system.
 - (C) English language learners.
 - (D) Parents.
- (b) The commission shall seek expertise from the following areas: English language development; exceptional needs; workforce development; facilities development; technical assistance; and local quality improvement systems.
- (c) The commission shall meet no less frequently than each quarter of the fiscal year and at the call of the chair chairperson at a time and location convenient to the public, as it the chairperson may deem appropriate. All meetings shall be open to the public in accordance with Article 9 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code.
- 39 (d) The appointed members of the commission shall serve at 40 the pleasure of their appointing authority.

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(e) The members of the commission shall be entitled to reimbursement for expenses and members appointed pursuant to paragraph (11) of subdivision (a) shall be entitled to a per diem of one hundred dollars (\$100) per day.

- 8301. (a) The commission shall develop the policy and implementation plan for an Early Learning Quality Improvement System for the state and shall submit a report containing its recommendations for the creation of an Early Learning Quality Improvement System to the Legislature and the Governor by December 31, 2009. The report shall address, but need not be limited to, the following four elements of a quality improvement system:
- (1) The development of a preschool quality rating system. The commission shall consider consumer awareness so that parents receive accurate information about the type of program in which their children are enrolled. The commission also shall consider, but need not be limited to, the following features of high quality preschool programs:
- (A) Developmentally, linguistically, and culturally appropriate practices.
- (B) Staff qualifications and professional development and education needs.
 - (C) Staff compensation and retention.
- (D) Group size and ratios.

- (E) Learning environment.
- (F) Regulatory compliance.
- (G) Articulation with systems of care for children from birth to three *five* years of age, and with the K-12 public school system.
 - (H) The inclusion of children with exceptional needs.
 - (I) English language learner support.
 - (J) Family involvement.
- (2) The development of a graduated funding model aligned with the quality rating system that provides the necessary resources for preschool programs to achieve higher quality levels, and that supports continuous program quality improvement.
- (3) An assessment and analysis of the existing early care and education infrastructure including an identification of the strengths, gaps, and barriers to achieving higher quality early learning programs. This analysis shall identify strategies that ensure the existing early care and education workforce, which reflects the

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eultural and linguistic diversity of California, has the opportunity to meet any higher levels of education qualifications recommended programs. This analysis shall identify strategies that support and build upon the existing diversity of the early care and education workforce, that reflects the cultural and linguistic diversity of California, and that ensures the existing workforce has the opportunity to meet any levels of education qualifications recommended by the commission, while also meeting the diverse needs of California's young children.

- (4) The development of strategies for addressing children from birth to-three *five* years of age within the Early Learning Quality Improvement System.
- (b) The commission shall conduct no less than four public hearings in different parts of the state to ensure that the commission obtains meaningful public input prior to submitting its report to the Governor and the Legislature.
- 8302. The State Department of Education shall provide staff support to the commission.
- 8303. The commission-No General Fund expenditures shall be required to fund the work of the commission. The commission shall be established only after the Superintendent applies to and obtains funds from the California Children and Families Commission or other sources. The Superintendent shall apply to the California Children and Families Commission for funding to cover commission costs, including, but not limited to, staff support, travel expenses, and per diem—costs. The commission is also authorized to seek funding from other sources. costs.
- 8304. The Early Learning Quality Improvement System-shall may be phased in to the extent that at the discretion of the Legislature as federal, state, or local public funds are made available.
- 32 SEC. 4. This act shall become operative only if Assembly Bill 33 2759 of the 2008–09 Regular Session of the Legislature is enacted 34 and becomes operative on or before January 1, 2009.
- SEC. 5. This act shall be binding upon the University of California only to the extent that the Regents of the University of California, by resolution, make it binding.